

HB0245S01 compared with HB0245

~~{Omitted text}~~ shows text that was in HB0245 but was omitted in HB0245S01

inserted text shows text that was not in HB0245 but was inserted into HB0245S01

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1

Construction Wage Standard Act
2026 GENERAL SESSION
STATE OF UTAH
Chief Sponsor: Tyler Clancy
Senate Sponsor:



2

3 **LONG TITLE**

4 **General Description:**

5 This bill addresses wage standards for construction projects.

6 **Highlighted Provisions:**

7 This bill:

- 8 ▸ defines terms;
- 9 ▸ directs the Labor Commission to determine the wages for the occupations a construction project requires for each county;
- 11 ▸ establishes:
- 12 • a wage minimum that a contractor may pay a qualifying employee;
 - 13 • a recordkeeping requirement; and
 - 14 • the penalties for noncompliance; and
- 15 ▸ makes technical and conforming changes.

16 **Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

17 None

18 **Other Special Clauses:**

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19 None

20 **Utah Code Sections Affected:**

21 AMENDS:

22 **34-30-9** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2018, Chapter 148

23 **34-30-14** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2023, Chapter 16

24 **63G-6a-103** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, First Special Session, Chapter 9

25 **63G-6a-603** , as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 257

26 ENACTS:

27 **34-58-101** , Utah Code Annotated 1953

28 **34-58-102** , Utah Code Annotated 1953

29 **34-58-103** , Utah Code Annotated 1953

30 **34-58-104** , Utah Code Annotated 1953

31 **34-58-105** , Utah Code Annotated 1953

32 **34-58-106** , Utah Code Annotated 1953

33

34 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

35 Section 1. Section **34-30-9** is amended to read:

36 **34-30-9. Violation of chapter -- Failure to keep or produce records -- Misdemeanor.**

[Any] An officer, agent, or representative of the state, or of [any] a political subdivision, district, or municipality [~~of it who shall violate, or omit to comply with any of the provisions of~~ that violates this chapter, and [any] a contractor or subcontractor, or agent or representative thereof, doing [~~sueh-~~]public work, [~~who shall neglect~~] that fails to keep[~~, or cause to be kept,~~] an accurate record of the names, occupation, and actual wages paid to each laborer[~~, workman~~] and mechanic employed by him or her, in connection with this public work or who shall refuse to allow access to same at any reasonable hour to any person authorized to inspect same under this chapter, is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

46 Section 2. Section **34-30-14** is amended to read:

47 **34-30-14. Public works -- Wages.**

48 (1) For purposes of this section:

49 (a) "Political subdivision" means a county, city, town, school district, special district, special service district, public corporation, institution of higher education of the state, public agency of any political

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subdivision, or other entity that expends public funds for construction, maintenance, repair or improvement of public works.

- 53 (b) "Public works" or "public works project" means a building, road, street, sewer, storm drain, water
system, irrigation system, reclamation project, or other facility owned or to be contracted for by the
state or a political subdivision, and that is to be paid for in whole or in part with tax revenue paid by
residents of the state.
- 57 (c) "Qualifying employee" means the same as that term is defined in Section 34-58-101.
- 58 (2)
- (a) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b) or (c), ~~[or as required by federal or state law,]~~ the state or
[any] a political subdivision that contracts for the construction, maintenance, repair, or improvement
of public works may not require that a contractor, a subcontractor, ~~[or] a material supplier, or a~~
carrier engaged in the construction, maintenance, repair, or improvement of public works pay [its
employees] an employee of the contractor, the subcontractor, the material supplier, or the carrier:
- 64 (i) a predetermined amount of wages or wage rate; or
- 65 (ii) a type, amount, or rate of employee benefits.
- 66 (b) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply when federal law requires the payment of prevailing or minimum
wages to ~~[persons]~~ a person working on ~~[projects]~~ a project funded in whole or in part by federal
funds.
- 69 (c) Subsection (2)(a) does not apply when the employee of the contractor, the subcontractor, the
material supplier, or the carrier is a qualifying employee.
- 71 (3) The state or any political subdivision that contracts for the construction, maintenance, repair, or
improvement of public works may not require that a contractor, subcontractor, or material supplier
or carrier engaged in the construction, maintenance, repair or improvement of public works execute
or otherwise become a party to any project labor agreement, collective bargaining agreement,
prehire agreement, or any other agreement with employees, their representatives, or any labor
organization as a condition of bidding, negotiating, being awarded, or performing work on a public
works project.
- 78 (4) This section applies to any contract executed after May 1, 1995.
- 79 Section 3. Section 3 is enacted to read:
- 82 **34-58-101. Definitions.**
58. Construction Wage Standard Act

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1. General Provisions

As used in this chapter:

- 84 (1) "Commission" means the Labor Commission created in Section 34A-1-103.
85 (2)
(a) "Construction project" means a project for the construction, renovation, alteration, or improvement of a public facility on real property with a total cost, including services, labor, supplies, and materials, of at least \$100,000.
88 (b) "Construction project" does not include the day-to-day operation, repair, or routine maintenance of an existing public facility.
90 (3) "Contractor" means a contractor, a subcontractor, or a public entity.
91 (4) "Division" means the Division of Purchasing and General Services created in Section 63A-2-101.
93 (5) "Prevailing wage" means the median hourly wage plus benefits{~~, bonuses, and commissions,~~} for each county and for each occupation.
95 (6) "Procurement unit" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63G-6a-103.
96 (7) "Prosecuting agency" means the same as that term is defined in Section 78B-9-502.
97 (8) "Public entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63G-6a-103.
98 (9) "Public facility" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63G-6a-103.
99 (10)
(a) "Qualifying employee" means a laborer or a mechanic that a contractor employs directly on the site of a construction project.
101 (b) "Qualifying employee" does not include:
102 (i) an employee whose work involves only the transportation of materials or equipment to or from the site of a construction project; or
104 (ii) a prisoner that the penal system employs.
105 (11) "Wage determination guide" means the Wage and Hour Division Davis-Bacon Wage Determination Conformance Request Guide that the United States Department of Labor publishes.
108 (12) "Wage standard" means the minimum wage that the commission determines for a qualifying employee for each county and for each occupation based on the prevailing wage.

111 Section 4. Section 4 is enacted to read:

112 **34-58-102. Determination of the wage standard.**

113 (1)

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(a) The commission shall determine the wage standard.

114 (b) The commission may not make the wage standard less than the wage determination guide.

116 (2) The commission shall maintain and publish a list of the wage standards.

117 (3)

(a) The commission may review a wage standard at any time.

118 (b) The commission shall review the wage standards:

119 (i) at least once per year; and

120 (ii) within 60 days after the day on which the United States Department of Labor makes a change to the wage determination guide.

122 Section 5. Section **5** is enacted to read:

123 **34-58-103. Qualifying employees paid wage standard.**

124 (1) Except as provided in Subsection (2), a contractor shall pay a qualifying employee at least the wage standard that the commission publishes for the qualifying employee's occupation in the county where the qualifying employee performs the work.

127 (2)

(a) Subject to Subsection (2)(b), a contractor shall pay a qualifying employee who participates in a training or an apprenticeship program, approved by the United States Department of Labor Office of Apprenticeship, in accordance with the training or apprenticeship program's wage guidelines.

131 (b) A contractor may not pay a qualifying employee described in Subsection (2)(a) less than {60} 50% of the wage standard.

133 (3) A procurement unit shall include the wage standard for the county for each occupation a construction project requires in the invitation to bid.

135 Section 6. Section **6** is enacted to read:

136 **34-58-104. Recordkeeping -- Reporting requirement.**

137 (1) A contractor shall keep a payroll record of a qualifying employee showing the:

138 (a) qualifying employee's name;

139 (b) hours worked for each occupation for which the contractor engages the qualifying employee; and

141 (c) wages paid for each occupation for which the contractor engages the qualifying employee.

143 (2) A contractor shall maintain the record described in Subsection (1) for at least three years after the day on which the contractor completes a construction contract.

145 Section 7. Section **7** is enacted to read:

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146 **34-58-105. Criminal penalties -- Enforcement.**

147 (1) A contractor that violates this chapter is guilty of a class B misdemeanor.

148 {~~(2) {The commission may refer a violation of this chapter to a prosecution agency.}}~~

149 (3)~~(2)~~ In addition to other penalties, a court may impose a fine equal to the difference between the wage paid and the wage standard at the time of employment.

151 (4)~~(3)~~ A court shall deposit the fine that the court receives under this section into the General Fund as a dedicated credit to the division to pay for the cost of administering this chapter.

152 Section 8. Section 8 is enacted to read:

153 **34-58-106. Civil penalties.**

154 (1) In addition to the criminal penalties described in Section 34-58-105, a qualifying employee may bring a civil action against a contractor to enforce Section 34-58-103.

157 (2)

(a) A qualifying employee that brings an action in accordance with Subsection (1) may:

159 (i) seek injunctive relief against the contractor; and

160 (ii) recover the difference between the wage paid and the wage standard at the time of employment, plus interest.

162 (b) The court may award court costs and attorney fees to the prevailing party.

163 (3) A qualifying employee shall bring an action under this section within two years after the day on which the qualifying employee completes work on the construction project.

164 Section 9. Section **63G-6a-103** is amended to read:

165 **63G-6a-103. Definitions.**

As used in this chapter:

168 (1) "Approved vendor" means a person [~~who~~] that has been approved for inclusion on an approved vendor list through the approved vendor list process.

170 (2) "Approved vendor list" means a list of approved vendors established under Section 63G-6a-507.

172 (3) "Approved vendor list process" means the procurement process described in Section 63G-6a-507.

174 (4)

(a) "Award" means, in relation to a contract, a procurement unit's selection of a vendor to supply a procurement item after the procurement unit engages in:

176 (i) a standard procurement process; or

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- (ii) an exception to a standard procurement process under Part 8, Exceptions to Procurement Requirements.
- 179 (b) "Award" does not mean, in relation to a contract, a procurement unit's offer or acceptance of any
terms or conditions related to the procurement unit's acquisition or receipt of the procurement item.
- 182 (5) "Bidder" means a person ~~[who]~~ that submits a bid or price quote in response to an invitation for
bids.
- 184 (6) "Bidding process" means the procurement process described in Part 6, Bidding.
- 185 (7) "Board" means the Utah State Procurement Policy Board, created in Section 63G-6a-202.
- 186 (8) "Change directive" means a written order signed by the procurement officer that directs the
contractor to suspend work or make changes, as authorized by contract, without the consent of the
contractor.
- 189 (9) "Change order" means a written alteration in specifications, delivery point, rate of delivery, period
of performance, price, quantity, or other provisions of a contract, upon mutual agreement of the
parties to the contract.
- 192 (10) "Chief procurement officer" means the individual appointed under Section 63A-2-102.
- 193 ~~[(11) "Conducting procurement unit" means a procurement unit that conducts all aspects of a
procurement:]~~
- 195 ~~[(a) except:]~~
- 196 ~~[(i) reviewing a solicitation to verify that it is in proper form; and]~~
- 197 ~~[(ii) causing the publication of a notice of a solicitation; and]~~
- 198 ~~[(b) including:]~~
- 199 ~~[(i) preparing any solicitation document;]~~
- 200 ~~[(ii) appointing an evaluation committee;]~~
- 201 ~~[(iii) conducting the evaluation process, except the process relating to scores calculated for costs of
proposals;]~~
- 203 ~~[(iv) selecting and recommending the person to be awarded a contract;]~~
- 204 ~~[(v) negotiating the terms and conditions of a contract, subject to the issuing procurement unit's
approval; and]~~
- 206 ~~[(vi) contract administration.]~~
- 207 ~~[(12)]~~ (11)
- (a) "Conducting procurement unit" means a procurement unit that conducts aspects of a procurement.

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- 209 (b) "Conducting procurement unit" includes:
- 210 (i) preparing a solicitation document;
- 211 (ii) appointing an evaluation committee;
- 212 (iii) conducting the evaluation process, except the process relating to scores calculated for costs of
proposals;
- 214 (iv) selecting and recommending the person to be awarded a contract;
- 215 (v) negotiating the terms and conditions of a contract, subject to the issuing procurement unit's
approval; and
- 217 (vi) administering a contract.
- 218 (c) "Conducting procurement unit" does not include:
- 219 (i) reviewing a solicitation to verify that the solicitation is in proper form; or
- 220 (ii) causing the publication of a notice of a solicitation.
- 221 (12) "Conservation district" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17D-3-102.
- 222 (13)
- (a) [~~"Construction project":~~] "Construction project" means a project for the construction, renovation,
alteration, improvement, or repair of a public facility on real property.
- 223 [(a) means a project for the construction, renovation, alteration, improvement, or repair of a public
facility on real property, including all services, labor, supplies, and materials for the project;
and]
- 226 (b) "Construction project" includes the following for the construction project:
- 227 (i) services;
- 228 (ii) labor;
- 229 (iii) supplies; and
- 230 (iv) materials.
- 231 [(b)] (c) "Construction project" does not include [services and supplies] a service or a supply for
[the] an existing public facility's:
- 233 (i) routine, day-to-day operation[;] ;
- 234 (ii) repair[;] ; or
- 235 (iii) maintenance[-of an existing public facility].
- 236 [(14) "Construction manager/general contractor":]
- 237 [(a) means a contractor who enters into a contract:]

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- 238 [(i) for the management of a construction project; and]
239 [(ii) that allows the contractor to subcontract for additional labor and materials that are not included in
the contractor's cost proposal submitted at the time of the procurement of the contractor's services;
and]
- 242 [(b) does not include a contractor whose only subcontract work not included in the contractor's cost
proposal submitted as part of the procurement of the contractor's services is to meet subcontracted
portions of change orders approved within the scope of the project.]
- 246 [(15) "Construction subcontractor":]
247 [(a) means a person under contract with a contractor or another subcontractor to provide services or
labor for the design or construction of a construction project;]
249 [(b) includes a general contractor or specialty contractor licensed or exempt from licensing under Title
58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act; and]
251 [(c) does not include a supplier who provides only materials, equipment, or supplies to a contractor or
subcontractor for a construction project.]
- 253 [(16)]
254 (14)
- (a) "Construction manager" means a contractor that enters into a contract:
255 (i) for the management of a construction project; and
256 (ii) that allows the contractor to subcontract for additional labor and materials that are not included
in the contractor's cost proposal submitted at the time of the procurement of the contractor's
services.
- 259 (b) "Construction manager" does not include a contractor that only performs subcontract work which
the contractor does not include on the cost proposal submitted as part of the procurement of the
contractor's services.
- 262 (15)
- (a) "Construction subcontractor" means a person under contract with a contractor or another
subcontractor to provide a service or labor for the design or construction of a construction project.
- 265 (b) "Construction subcontractor" includes a general contractor or specialty contractor licensed or
exempt from licensing under Title 58, Chapter 55, Utah Construction Trades Licensing Act.
- 268 (c) "Construction subcontractor" does not include a supplier that provides only materials, equipment, or
supplies to a contractor or subcontractor for a construction project.

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- 270 (16) "Contract" means an agreement for a procurement.
- 271 (17) "Contract administration" means all functions, duties, and responsibilities associated with
managing, overseeing, and carrying out a contract between a procurement unit and a contractor,
including:
- 274 (a) implementing the contract;
- 275 (b) ensuring compliance with the contract terms and conditions by the conducting procurement unit and
the contractor;
- 277 (c) executing change orders;
- 278 (d) processing contract amendments;
- 279 (e) resolving, to the extent practicable, contract disputes;
- 280 (f) curing contract errors and deficiencies;
- 281 (g) terminating a contract;
- 282 (h) measuring or evaluating completed work and contractor performance;
- 283 (i) computing payments under the contract; and
- 284 (j) closing out a contract.
- 285 (18) "Contractor" means a person ~~[who]~~ that is awarded a contract with a procurement unit.
- 286 (19) "Cooperative procurement" means procurement conducted by, or on behalf of:
- 287 (a) more than one procurement unit; or
- 288 (b) a procurement unit and a cooperative purchasing organization.
- 289 (20) "Cooperative purchasing organization" means an organization, association, or alliance of
purchasers established to combine purchasing power in order to obtain the best value for the
purchasers by engaging in procurements in accordance with Section 63G-6a-2105.
- 292 (21) "Cost-plus-a-percentage-of-cost contract" means a contract under which the contractor is paid a
percentage of the total actual expenses or costs in addition to the contractor's actual expenses or
costs.
- 295 (22) "Cost-reimbursement contract" means a contract under which a contractor is reimbursed for costs
which are allowed and allocated in accordance with the contract terms and the provisions of this
chapter, and a fee, if any.
- 298 (23) "Days" means calendar days, unless expressly provided otherwise.
- 299 (24) "Definite quantity contract" means a fixed price contract that provides for a specified amount of
supplies over a specified period, with deliveries scheduled according to a specified schedule.

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- 302 (25) "Design professional" means:
- 303 (a) an individual licensed as an architect under Title 58, Chapter 3a, Architects Licensing Act;
- 305 (b) an individual licensed as a professional engineer or professional land surveyor under Title 58,
Chapter 22, Professional Engineers and Professional Land Surveyors Licensing Act;
- 308 (c) an individual licensed under Title 58, Chapter 53, Landscape Architects Licensing Act, to engage in
the practice of landscape architecture, as defined in Section 58-53-102; or
- 311 (d) an individual certified as a commercial interior designer under Title 58, Chapter 86, State
Certification of Commercial Interior Designers Act.
- 313 (26) "Design professional procurement process" means the procurement process described in Part 15,
Design Professional Services.
- 315 (27) "Design professional services" means:
- 316 (a) professional services within the scope of the practice of architecture as defined in Section
58-3a-102;
- 318 (b) professional engineering as defined in Section 58-22-102;
- 319 (c) master planning and programming services;
- 320 (d) professional services within the scope of the practice of landscape architecture, as defined in Section
58-53-102; or
- 322 (e) services within the scope of the practice of commercial interior design, as defined in Section
58-86-102.
- 324 (28) "Design-build" means the procurement of design professional services and construction by the use
of a single contract.
- 326 (29) "Division" means the Division of Purchasing and General Services, created in Section 63A-2-101.
- 328 (30) "Educational procurement unit" means:
- 329 (a) a school district;
- 330 (b) a public school, including a local school board or a charter school;
- 331 (c) the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind;
- 332 (d) the Utah Education and Telehealth Network;
- 333 (e) an institution of higher education of the state described in Section 53H-1-102; or
- 334 (f) the State Board of Education.
- 335 (31) "Established catalogue price" means the price included in a catalogue, price list, schedule, or other
form that:

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- 337 (a) is regularly maintained by a manufacturer or contractor;
- 338 (b) is published or otherwise available for inspection by customers; and
- 339 (c) states prices at which sales are currently or were last made to a significant number of any category
of buyers or buyers constituting the general buying public for the supplies or services involved.
- 342 (32)
- (a) "Executive branch procurement unit" means a department, division, office, bureau, agency, or other
organization within the state executive branch.
- 344 (b) "Executive branch procurement unit" does not include the Colorado River Authority of Utah as
provided in Section 63M-14-210.
- 346 (33) "Facilities division" means the Division of Facilities Construction and Management, created in
Section 63A-5b-301.
- 348 (34) "Fixed price contract" means a contract that provides a price, for each procurement item obtained
under the contract, that is not subject to adjustment except to the extent that:
- 351 (a) the contract provides, under circumstances specified in the contract, for an adjustment in price that is
not based on cost to the contractor; or
- 353 (b) an adjustment is required by law.
- 354 (35) "Fixed price contract with price adjustment" means a fixed price contract that provides for an
upward or downward revision of price, precisely described in the contract, that:
- 356 (a) is based on the consumer price index or another commercially acceptable index, source, or formula;
and
- 358 (b) is not based on a percentage of the cost to the contractor.
- 359 (36) "Grant" means an expenditure of public funds or other assistance, or an agreement to expend
public funds or other assistance, for a public purpose authorized by law, without acquiring a
procurement item in exchange.
- 362 (37) "Human services procurement item" means a procurement item used to provide services or support
to a child, youth, adult, or family.
- 364 [~~(38) "Immaterial error":~~]
- 365 [~~(a) means an irregularity or abnormality that is:~~]
- 366 [~~(i) a matter of form that does not affect substance; or~~]
- 367 [~~(ii) an inconsequential variation from a requirement of a solicitation that has no, little, or a trivial effect
on the procurement process and that is not prejudicial to other vendors; and~~]

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- 370 [~~(b)~~ includes:]
- 371 [(i) ~~a missing signature, missing acknowledgment of an addendum, or missing copy of a professional~~
license, bond, or insurance certificate;]
- 373 [(ii) ~~a typographical error;~~]
- 374 [(iii) ~~an error resulting from an inaccuracy or omission in the solicitation; and~~]
- 375 [(iv) ~~any other error that the procurement official reasonably considers to be immaterial.~~]
- 377 [~~(39)~~ (38)
- (a) "Immaterial error" means an irregularity or abnormality that is:
- 378 (i) a matter of form that does not affect substance; or
- 379 (ii) an inconsequential variation from a requirement of a solicitation that has no, little, or a trivial
effect on the procurement process and that is not prejudicial to another vendor.
- 382 (b) "Immaterial error" includes:
- 383 (i) a missing signature, a missing acknowledgment of an addendum, or a missing copy of a professional
license, a bond, or an insurance certificate;
- 385 (ii) a typographical error;
- 386 (iii) an error resulting from an inaccuracy or an omission in the solicitation; and
- 387 (iv) any other error that the procurement official reasonably considers to be immaterial.
- 389 (39) "Indefinite quantity contract" means a fixed price contract that:
- 390 (a) is for an indefinite amount of procurement items to be supplied as ordered by a procurement unit;
and
- 392 (b)
- (i) does not require a minimum purchase amount; or
- 393 (ii) provides a maximum purchase limit.
- 394 (40) "Independent procurement unit" means:
- 395 (a)
- (i) a legislative procurement unit;
- 396 (ii) a judicial branch procurement unit;
- 397 (iii) an educational procurement unit;
- 398 (iv) a local governmental procurement unit;
- 399 (v) a conservation district;
- 400 (vi) a local building authority;

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- 401 (vii) a special district;
- 402 (viii) a public corporation;
- 403 (ix) a special service district; or
- 404 (x) the Utah Communications Authority, established in Section 63H-7a-201;
- 405 (b) the facilities division, but only to the extent of the procurement authority provided under Title 63A,
Chapter 5b, Administration of State Facilities;
- 407 (c) the attorney general, but only to the extent of the procurement authority provided under Title 67,
Chapter 5, Attorney General;
- 409 (d) the Department of Transportation, but only to the extent of the procurement authority provided
under Title 72, Transportation Code;
- 411 (e) the Department of Health and Human Services, but only for the procurement of a human services
procurement item; or
- 413 (f) any other executive branch department, division, office, or entity that has statutory procurement
authority outside this chapter, but only to the extent of that statutory procurement authority.
- 416 (41)
- (a) "Interlocal entity" means a separate political subdivision created under Title 11, Chapter 13,
Interlocal Cooperation Act.
- 418 (b) "Interlocal entity" does not include a project entity.
- 419 [~~(42) "Invitation for bids":~~]
- 420 [~~(a) means a document used to solicit:~~]
- 421 [~~(i) bids to provide a procurement item to a procurement unit; or~~]
- 422 [~~(ii) quotes for a price of a procurement item to be provided to a procurement unit; and~~]
- 424 [~~(b) includes all documents attached to or incorporated by reference in a document described in
Subsection ~~(42)(a).~~~~]
- 426 [~~(43)~~] (42)
- (a) "Invitation for bids" means a document used to solicit:
- 427 (i) a bid to provide a procurement item to a procurement unit; or
- 428 (ii) a quote for a price of a procurement item to be provided to a procurement unit.
- 429 (b) "Invitation for bids" includes documents attached to or incorporated by reference in a document
described in Subsection (42)(a).
- 431 (43) "Issuing procurement unit" means a procurement unit that:

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- 432 (a) reviews a solicitation to verify that [it] the solicitation is in proper form;
- 433 (b) causes the notice of a solicitation to be published; and
- 434 (c) negotiates and approves the terms and conditions of a contract.
- 435 (44) "Judicial procurement unit" means:
- 436 (a) the Utah Supreme Court;
- 437 (b) the Utah Court of Appeals;
- 438 (c) the Judicial Council;
- 439 (d) a state judicial district; or
- 440 (e) an office, committee, subcommittee, or other organization within the state judicial branch.
- 442 (45) "Labor hour contract" is a contract under which:
- 443 (a) the supplies and materials are not provided by, or through, the contractor; and
- 444 (b) the contractor is paid a fixed rate that includes the cost of labor, overhead, and profit for a specified number of labor hours or days.
- 446 (46) "Legislative procurement unit" means:
- 447 (a) the Legislature;
- 448 (b) the Senate;
- 449 (c) the House of Representatives;
- 450 (d) a staff office of the Legislature, the Senate, or the House of Representatives; or
- 451 (e) a committee, subcommittee, commission, or other organization:
- 452 (i) within the state legislative branch; or
- 453 (ii)
- (A) that is created by statute to advise or make recommendations to the Legislature;
- 455 (B) the membership of which includes legislators; and
- 456 (C) for which the Office of Legislative Research and General Counsel provides staff support.
- 458 (47) "Local building authority" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17D-2-102.
- 459 (48) "Local government procurement unit" means:
- 460 (a) a county, municipality, interlocal entity, or project entity, and each office of the county, municipality, interlocal entity, or project entity, unless:
- 462 (i) the county or municipality adopts a procurement code by ordinance;
- 463 (ii) the interlocal entity adopts procurement rules or policies as provided in Subsection 11-13-226(2); or
- 465 (iii) the project entity adopts a procurement code through the process described in Section 11-13-316;

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- 467 (b)
- (i) a county or municipality that has adopted this entire chapter by ordinance, and each office or agency of that county or municipality; and
- 469 (ii) a project entity that has adopted this entire chapter through the process described in Subsection 11-13-316; or
- 471 (c) a county, municipality, or project entity, and each office of the county, municipality, or project entity that has adopted a portion of this chapter to the extent that:
- 473 (i) a term in the ordinance is used in the adopted chapter; or
- 474 (ii) a term in the ordinance is used in the language a project entity adopts in its procurement code through the process described in Section 11-13-316.
- 476 (49) "Multiple award contracts" means the award of a contract for an indefinite quantity of a procurement item to more than one person.
- 478 (50) "Multiyear contract" means a contract that extends beyond a one-year period, including a contract that permits renewal of the contract, without competition, beyond the first year of the contract.
- 481 (51) "Municipality" means a city or town.
- 482 (52) "Nonadopting local government procurement unit" means:
- 483 (a) a county or municipality that has not adopted Part 16, Protests, Part 17, Procurement Appeals Board, Part 18, Appeals to Court and Court Proceedings, and Part 19, General Provisions Related to Protest or Appeal; and
- 486 (b) each office or agency of a county or municipality described in Subsection (52)(a).
- 487 (53) "Offeror" means a person [~~who~~] that submits a proposal in response to a request for proposals.
- 489 (54) "Preferred bidder" means a bidder that is entitled to receive a reciprocal preference under the requirements of this chapter.
- 491 (55) "Procure" means to acquire a procurement item through a procurement.
- 492 (56) "Procurement" means the acquisition of a procurement item through an expenditure of public funds, or an agreement to expend public funds, including an acquisition through a public-private partnership.
- 495 (57) "Procurement item" means an item of personal property, a technology, a service, or a construction project.
- 497 (58) "Procurement official" means:
- 498 (a) for a procurement unit other than an independent procurement unit, the chief procurement officer;

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- 500 (b) for a legislative procurement unit, the individual, individuals, or body designated in a policy adopted
by the Legislative Management Committee;
- 502 (c) for a judicial procurement unit, the Judicial Council or an individual or body designated by the
Judicial Council by rule;
- 504 (d) for a local government procurement unit:
- 505 (i) the legislative body of the local government procurement unit; or
- 506 (ii) an individual or body designated by the local government procurement unit;
- 507 (e) for a special district, the board of trustees of the special district or the board of trustees' designee;
- 509 (f) for a special service district, the governing body of the special service district or the governing
body's designee;
- 511 (g) for a local building authority, the board of directors of the local building authority or the board of
directors' designee;
- 513 (h) for a conservation district, the board of supervisors of the conservation district or the board of
supervisors' designee;
- 515 (i) for a public corporation, the board of directors of the public corporation or the board of directors'
designee;
- 517 (j) for a school district or any school or entity within a school district, the board of the school district or
the board's designee;
- 519 (k) for a charter school, the individual or body with executive authority over the charter school or the
designee of the individual or body;
- 521 (l) for an institution of higher education described in Section 53H-1-102, the president of the institution
of higher education or the president's designee;
- 523 (m) for the State Board of Education, the State Board of Education or the State Board of Education's
designee;
- 525 (n) for the Utah Board of Higher Education, the Commissioner of Higher Education or the designee of
the Commissioner of Higher Education;
- 527 (o) for the Utah Communications Authority, established in Section 63H-7a-201, the executive director
of the Utah Communications Authority or the executive director's designee; or
- 530 (p)
- (i) for the facilities division, and only to the extent of procurement activities of the facilities division
as an independent procurement unit under the procurement authority provided under Title 63A,

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- Chapter 5b, Administration of State Facilities, the director of the facilities division or the director's designee;
- 534 (ii) for the attorney general, and only to the extent of procurement activities of the attorney general as
an independent procurement unit under the procurement authority provided under Title 67, Chapter
5, Attorney General, the attorney general or the attorney general's designee;
- 538 (iii) for the Department of Transportation created in Section 72-1-201, and only to the extent of
procurement activities of the Department of Transportation as an independent procurement unit
under the procurement authority provided under Title 72, Transportation Code, the executive
director of the Department of Transportation or the executive director's designee;
- 543 (iv) for the Department of Health and Human Services, and only to the extent of the procurement
activities of the Department of Health and Human Services as an independent procurement unit,
the executive director of the Department of Health and Human Services or the executive director's
designee; or
- 547 (v) for any other executive branch department, division, office, or entity that has statutory procurement
authority outside this chapter, and only to the extent of the procurement activities of the department,
division, office, or entity as an independent procurement unit under the procurement authority
provided outside this chapter for the department, division, office, or entity, the chief executive
officer of the department, division, office, or entity or the chief executive officer's designee.
- 554 (59) "Procurement unit" means:
- 555 (a) a legislative procurement unit;
- 556 (b) an executive branch procurement unit;
- 557 (c) a judicial procurement unit;
- 558 (d) an educational procurement unit;
- 559 (e) the Utah Communications Authority, established in Section 63H-7a-201;
- 560 (f) a local government procurement unit;
- 561 (g) a special district;
- 562 (h) a special service district;
- 563 (i) a local building authority;
- 564 (j) a conservation district; or
- 565 (k) a public corporation.
- 566

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(60) "Professional service" means labor, effort, or work that requires specialized knowledge, expertise, and discretion, including labor, effort, or work in the field of:

- 568 (a) accounting;
- 569 (b) administrative law judge service;
- 570 (c) architecture;
- 571 (d) construction design and management;
- 572 (e) engineering;
- 573 (f) financial services;
- 574 (g) information technology;
- 575 (h) the law;
- 576 (i) medicine;
- 577 (j) psychiatry; or
- 578 (k) underwriting.

579 (61) "Project entity" means the same as that term is defined in Section 11-13-103.

580 (62) "Protest officer" means:

581 (a) for the division or an independent procurement unit:

- 582 (i) the procurement official;
- 583 (ii) the procurement official's designee who is an employee of the procurement [-]unit; or
- 585 (iii) a person designated by rule made by the rulemaking authority; or

586 (b) for a procurement unit other than an independent procurement unit, the chief procurement officer or the chief procurement officer's designee [-]who is an employee of the division[-].

589 (63) "Public corporation" means the same as that term is defined in Section 63E-1-102.

590 (64) "Public entity" means the state or any other governmental entity within the state that expends public funds.

592 (65) "Public facility" means a building, structure, infrastructure, improvement, or other facility of a public entity.

594 (66) "Public funds" means money, regardless of its source, including from the federal government, that is owned or held by a procurement unit.

596 (67) "Public transit district" means a public transit district organized under Title 17B, Chapter 2a, Part 8, Public Transit District Act.

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(68) "Public-private partnership" means an arrangement or agreement, occurring on or after January 1, 2017, between a procurement unit and one or more contractors to provide for a public need through the development or operation of a project in which the contractor or contractors share with the procurement unit the responsibility or risk of developing, owning, maintaining, financing, or operating the project.

603 (69) "Qualified vendor" means a vendor [~~who~~] that:

604 (a) is responsible; and

605 (b) submits a responsive statement of qualifications under Section 63G-6a-410 that meets the minimum mandatory requirements, evaluation criteria, and any applicable score thresholds set forth in the request for statement of qualifications.

608 (70) "Real property" means land and any building, fixture, improvement, appurtenance, structure, or other development that is permanently affixed to land.

610 (71) "Request for information" means a nonbinding process through which a procurement unit requests information relating to a procurement item.

612 (72) "Request for proposals" means a document used to solicit proposals to provide a procurement item to a procurement unit, including all other documents that are attached to that document or incorporated in that document by reference.

615 (73) "Request for proposals process" means the procurement process described in Part 7, Request for Proposals.

617 (74) "Request for statement of qualifications" means a document used to solicit information about the qualifications of a person interested in responding to a potential procurement, including all other documents attached to that document or incorporated in that document by reference.

621 (75) "Requirements contract" means a contract:

622 (a) under which a contractor agrees to provide a procurement unit's entire requirements for certain procurement items at prices specified in the contract during the contract period; and

625 (b) that:

626 (i) does not require a minimum purchase amount; or

627 (ii) provides a maximum purchase limit.

628 (76) "Responsible" means being capable, in all respects, of:

629 (a) meeting all the requirements of a solicitation; and

630

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- (b) fully performing all the requirements of the contract resulting from the solicitation, including being financially solvent with sufficient financial resources to perform the contract.
- 633 (77) "Responsive" means conforming in all material respects to the requirements of a solicitation.
- 635 (78) "Rule" includes a policy or regulation adopted by the rulemaking authority, if adopting a policy or regulation is the method the rulemaking authority uses to adopt provisions that govern the applicable procurement unit.
- 638 (79) "Rulemaking authority" means:
- 639 (a) for a legislative procurement unit, the Legislative Management Committee;
- 640 (b) for a judicial procurement unit, the Judicial Council;
- 641 (c)
- (i) only to the extent of the procurement authority expressly granted to the procurement unit by statute:
- 643 (A) for the facilities division, the facilities division;
- 644 (B) for the Office of the Attorney General, the attorney general;
- 645 (C) for the Department of Transportation created in Section 72-1-201, the executive director of the Department of Transportation;
- 647 (D) for the Department of Health and Human Services, the executive director of the Department of Health and Human Services; and
- 649 (E) for any other executive branch department, division, office, or entity that has statutory procurement authority outside this chapter, the governing authority of the department, division, office, or entity; and
- 652 (ii) for each other executive branch procurement unit, the board;
- 653 (d) for a local government procurement unit:
- 654 (i) the governing body of the local government unit; or
- 655 (ii) an individual or body designated by the local government procurement unit;
- 656 (e) for a school district or a public school, the board, except to the extent of a school district's own nonadministrative rules that do not conflict with the provisions of this chapter;
- 659 (f) for an institution of higher education, the Utah Board of Higher Education;
- 660 (g) for the State Board of Education or the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind, the State Board of Education;
- 662 (h) for a public transit district, the chief executive of the public transit district;
- 663

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- (i) for a special district other than a public transit district or for a special service district, the board, except to the extent that the board of trustees of the special district or the governing body of the special service district makes its own rules:
- 666 (i) with respect to a subject addressed by board rules; or
667 (ii) that are in addition to board rules;
- 668 (j) for the Utah Educational Savings Plan, created in Section 53H-10-202, the Utah Board of Higher Education;
- 670 (k) for the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration, created in Section 53C-1-201, the School and Institutional Trust Lands Board of Trustees;
- 672 (l) for the School and Institutional Trust Fund Office, created in Section 53D-1-201, the School and Institutional Trust Fund Board of Trustees;
- 674 (m) for the Utah Communications Authority, established in Section 63H-7a-201, the Utah Communications Authority board, created in Section 63H-7a-203; or
- 676 (n) for any other procurement unit, the board.
- 677 ~~[(80) "Service":]~~
- 678 ~~[(a) means labor, effort, or work to produce a result that is beneficial to a procurement unit;]~~
- 680 ~~[(b) includes a professional service; and]~~
- 681 ~~[(c) does not include labor, effort, or work provided under an employment agreement or a collective bargaining agreement.]~~
- 683 ~~[(81)]~~ (80)
- (a) "Service" means labor, effort, or work to produce a result that is beneficial to a procurement unit.
- 685 (b) "Service" includes a professional service.
- 686 (c) "Service" does not include labor, effort, or work provided under an employment agreement or a collective bargaining agreement.
- 688 (81) "Small purchase process" means the procurement process described in Section 63G-6a-506.
- 690 (82) "Sole source contract" means a contract resulting from a sole source procurement.
- 691 (83) "Sole source procurement" means a procurement without competition pursuant to a determination under Subsection 63G-6a-802(1)(a) that there is only one source for the procurement item.
- 694 (84) "Solicitation" means an invitation for bids, request for proposals, or request for statement of qualifications.
- 696 (85) "Solicitation response" means:

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- 697 (a) a bid submitted in response to an invitation for bids;
- 698 (b) a proposal submitted in response to a request for proposals; or
- 699 (c) a statement of qualifications submitted in response to a request for statement of qualifications.
- 701 (86) "Special district" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17B-1-102.
- 702 (87) "Special service district" means the same as that term is defined in Section 17D-1-102.
- 703 (88) "Specification" means any description of the physical or functional characteristics or of the nature
of a procurement item included in an invitation for bids or a request for proposals, or otherwise
specified or agreed to by a procurement unit, including a description of:
- 707 (a) a requirement for inspecting or testing a procurement item; or
- 708 (b) preparing a procurement item for delivery.
- 709 (89) "Standard procurement process" means:
- 710 (a) the bidding process;
- 711 (b) the request for proposals process;
- 712 (c) the approved vendor list process;
- 713 (d) the small purchase process; or
- 714 (e) the design professional procurement process.
- 715 (90) "State cooperative contract" means a contract awarded by the division for and in behalf of all
public entities.
- 717 (91) "Statement of qualifications" means a written statement submitted to a procurement unit in
response to a request for statement of qualifications.
- 719 [~~(92) "Subcontractor":~~]
- 720 [~~(a) means a person under contract to perform part of a contractual obligation under the control of the
contractor, whether the person's contract is with the contractor directly or with another person who
is under contract to perform part of a contractual obligation under the control of the contractor; and]~~
- 724 [~~(b) includes a supplier, distributor, or other vendor that furnishes supplies or services to a contractor.]~~
- 726 [~~(93)~~] (92)
- (a) "Subcontractor" means a person under contract with a contractor or another subcontractor to provide
services or labor for the construction, installation, repair, or improvement to real property.
- 729 (b) "Subcontractor" includes:
- 730 (i) a supplier;
- 731 (ii) a distributor; or

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- 732 (iii) a vendor that furnishes a supply or a service to a contractor.
- 733 (93) "Technology" means the same as "information technology," as defined in Section 63A-16-102.
- 735 (94) "Tie bid" means that the lowest responsive bids of responsible bidders are identical in price.
- 737 (95) "Time and materials contract" means a contract under which the contractor is paid:
- 738 (a) the actual cost of direct labor at specified hourly rates;
- 739 (b) the actual cost of materials and equipment usage; and
- 740 (c) an additional amount, expressly described in the contract, to cover overhead and profit, that is not
based on a percentage of the cost to the contractor.
- 742 (96)
- (a) ~~["Transitional costs":]~~ "Transitional costs" means the cost of changing:
- 743 ~~[(a) means the costs of changing:]~~
- 744 ~~[(i) from an existing provider of a procurement item to another provider of that procurement item; or]~~
- 746 ~~[(ii) from an existing type of procurement item to another type;]~~
- 747 (i) from an existing provider;
- 748 (ii) from an existing provider of a procurement item to another provider of that procurement item;
or
- 750 (iii) from an existing type of procurement item to another type.
- 751 (b) ~~[includes]~~ "Transitional costs" include:
- 752 (i) training costs;
- 753 (ii) conversion costs;
- 754 (iii) compatibility costs;
- 755 (iv) costs associated with system downtime;
- 756 (v) disruption of service costs;
- 757 (vi) staff time necessary to implement the change;
- 758 (vii) installation costs; and
- 759 (viii) ancillary software, hardware, equipment, or construction costs; and
- 760 (c) ~~[does]~~ "Transitional costs" do not include:
- 761 (i) the costs of preparing for or engaging in a procurement process; or
- 762 (ii) contract negotiation or drafting costs.
- 763 ~~[(97) "Vendor":]~~
- 764

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[~~(a) means a person who is seeking to enter into a contract with a procurement unit to provide a procurement item; and]~~

766 [~~(b) includes:~~]

767 [~~(i) a bidder;~~]

768 [~~(ii) an offeror;~~]

769 [~~(iii) an approved vendor;~~]

770 [~~(iv) a design professional; and]~~

771 [~~(v) a person who submits an unsolicited proposal under Section 63G-6a-712.]~~

772 (97)

(a) "Vendor" means a person that is seeking to enter into a contract with a procurement unit to provide a procurement item.

774 (b) "Vendor" includes:

775 (i) a bidder;

776 (ii) an offeror;

777 (iii) an approved vendor;

778 (iv) a design professional; and

779 (v) a person that submits an unsolicited proposal under Section 63G-6a-712.

780 (98) "Wage standard" means the same as that term is defined in Section 34-58-101.

780 Section 10. Section **63G-6a-603** is amended to read:

781 **63G-6a-603. Invitation for bids -- Requirements -- Publication -- Wage standard.**

783 (1) A procurement unit that intends to award a contract for a procurement item using the bidding process shall issue an invitation for bids.

785 (2) A procurement unit shall include in an invitation for bids:

786 (a) a description of the procurement item~~[that the procurement unit seeks];~~

787 (b) instructions for submitting a bid, including the deadline for submitting a bid;

788 (c) the objective criteria ~~[that]~~the procurement unit will use to evaluate bids;

789 (d) information about the time and manner of opening bids; and

790 (e) terms and conditions ~~[that]~~the procurement unit intends to include in a contract resulting from the bidding process.

792 (3) A procurement unit shall publish an invitation for bids in accordance with the requirements of Section 63G-6a-112.

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794 (4) Notwithstanding Section 34-30-14, for a construction project, the procurement unit shall include in
the invitation for bids notice that the procurement contract requires the contractor to:

797 (a) pay each qualifying employee at least the wage standard; and

798 (b) certify compliance with Title 14, Contractors' Bonds.

798 Section 11. **Effective date.**

Effective Date.

This bill takes effect on May 6, 2026.

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